

Ameriški bombnik B-24

American bomber B-24



Letalo Consolidated B-24 Liberator je 22.11.1944 strmoglavilo na območju Kotovega sedla. Uporabljala so ga zavezniška vojna letalstva v 2. svetovni vojni.

On the 22. November 1944 a Consolidated B-24 Liberator bomber plane crashed in the area of Kotovo sedlo. It was used by Allied air forces during the World War II.

Jezerška kreda

Lake sediment



Ko so se ledeniki umikali, so na dno dolin odlagali drobnozrnat material, ki mu pravimo jezerška kreda. Ljudje so jo izkoriščali v razne industrijske namene.

As the glaciers retreated they left a sediment of fine-grain marlstone. This lake sediment was mined for various industrial purposes. It has similar characteristics to clay.

Zelje

Zelje

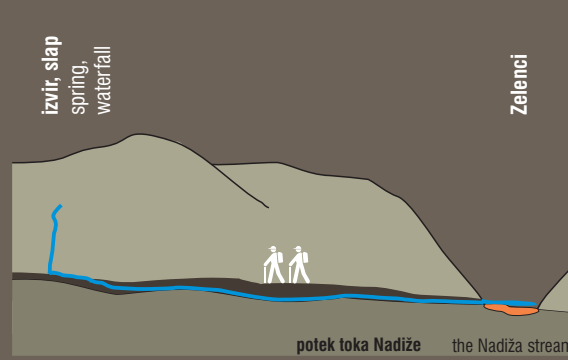


Pot se konča na skupnem pašnikom rateških kmetov, imenovanim Zelje. Konec 19. stoletja je bila tam ovčja sirarna z leseno ogrado. Takim ogradam so rekli tamar.

The trail ends on a communal pasture named Zelje. Farmers from Rateče built here a sheep cheese dairy at the end of the 19th century, that was fenced by a wooden pen. Such enclosures were called "tamar".

Nadiža

The Nadiža river

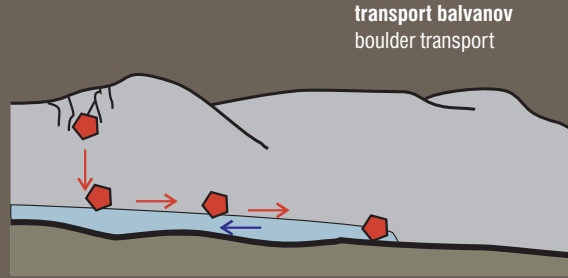


Na pobočju Zadnje Ponče se začne skrivnostni tok reke Nadiže, ki teče čez 10-metrski slap in naprej po strmih pobočju. V dolini voda ponikne, na površje pa zopet priteče v Zelenci, kot izvir Save Dolinke.

On the slopes of Zadnja Ponca begins a mysterious flow of the river Nadiža. Starting with a 10-metre waterfall it then disappears at the bottom of the valley. It resurfaces in Zelenci as the source of the river Sava Dolinka.

Balvani

Boulder rocks

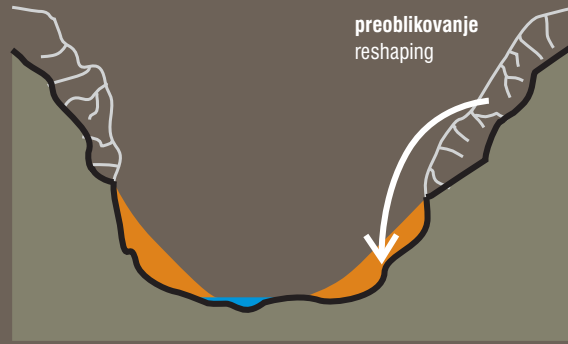


Skalni bloki na dnu alpskih dolin, ki jih je pred 14.000 leti na današnje mesto odložil ledenik, so balvani. Tja jih je lahko prinesel le premikajoči led.

Large rock stones that were left on the valley floor by the glacier 14.000 years ago are called "boulders". Such large rocks could only be transported by the moving ice.

Preoblikovanje doline

Reshaping of the valley



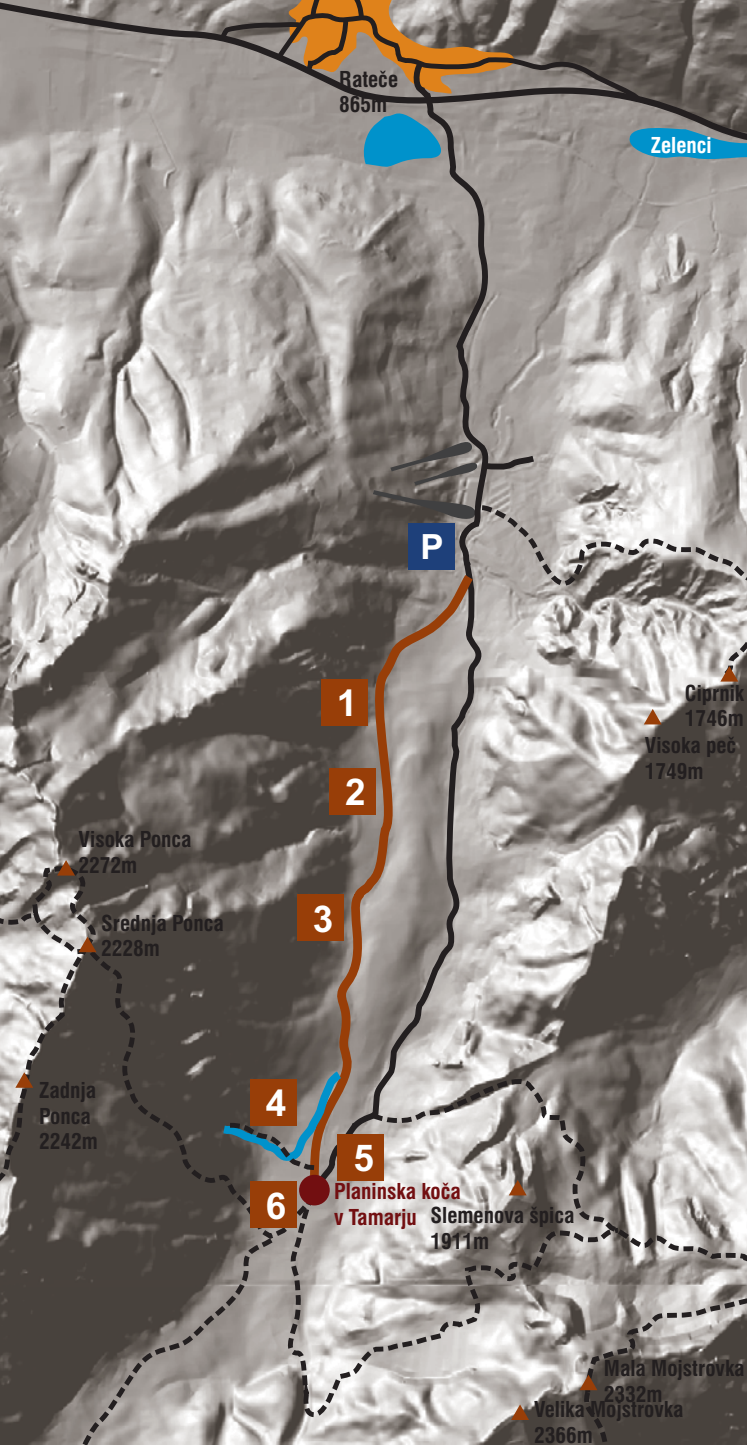
Gore in doline se v geološkem procesu nenehno preoblikujejo in spreminjajo. Spreminjanje in preoblikovanje je vidno zlasti v številnih meliščih pod stenami.

Mountains and valleys constantly change during the geologic process. The changes and transformations are best seen on the numerous scree slopes under the mountain cliffs.

PLANICA
pot po dolini



foto Andraj Mežik



legenda
legend

- P** parkirišče
Parking
- Planica, pot po dolini**
Planica, valley trail
- 4 km / 45 min**
- cesta**
Road
- planinska pot**
Mountain trail

informacije
Informations

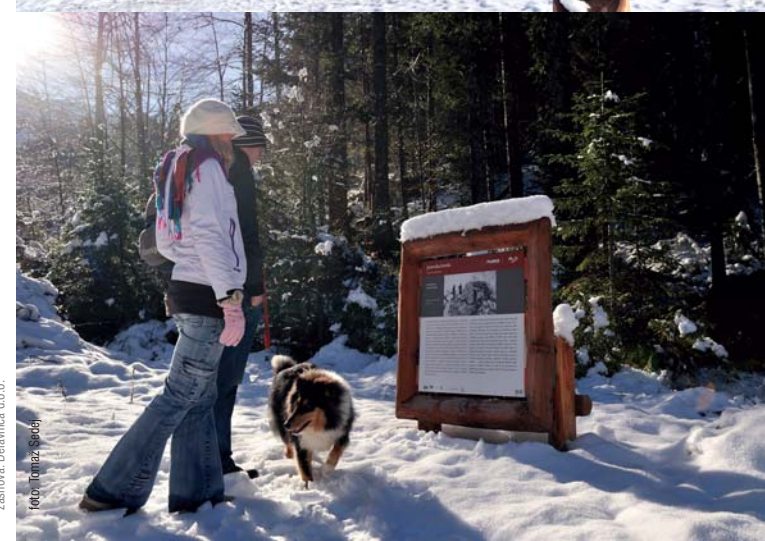
- 1** **preoblikovanje doline**
Reshaping of the valley
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Zelje
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Planica je dolga značilna ledeniška dolina v severnem delu slovenskih Julijskih Alp. Blizu Rateč se odcepi od Doline. Na zahodu jo omejuje greben Ponca, na vzhodu se nad njo dvigata obe Mojstrovki in Cipernik. Zgornji del Planice prehaja v Tamar oz. Zelje, enega najlepših zatrepov v slovenskih Alpah, na koncu katere se v svoji markantni obliki vzpenja Jalovec. Izpod njega se je v pleistocenu v Planico spuščal ledenik, ki je preoblikoval zgornji in srednji del doline. Morena, ki jo je odložil ledenik, prekriva osrednje dolinsko dno. Geomorfološki procesi so v geološki preteklosti oblikovali strma skalna pobočja, melišča in vršaje.

Ob Poti po dolini so predstavljene značilnosti tega prostora.

The Planica valley is a long glacial valley in the northern part of the Slovenian Julian Alps. It diverges from the valley near Rateče. There are the ridge Ponca on the west and mountains Mala and Velika Mojstrovka and Cipernik on the east. The upper part of the Planica valley extends into the Tamar or Zelje, one of the most beautiful ends of the valley in the Slovenian Alps, at the end of which stands the magnificent mountain Jalovec. There was a glacier which transformed the upper and middle part of the valley descending from the mountain in Pleistocene. Moraine which was brought by the glacier covers the central valley bottom. Geomorphological processes have in geological past shaped steep slopes and screes. The characteristics of the valley are presented along the trail.

Založila: Občina Kranjska Gora, 2014 / Izvedba: Nimbus d.o.o.
Organ upravljanja, določen za izvajanje Programa razvoja podeželja Republike Slovenije 2007-2013, je Ministrstvo za kmetijstvo, gozdarstvo in prehrano.



i Planica, pot po dolini, je v zimskem času zaprta, ker so na njeni trasi speljane tekaške poti. Prosimo, uporabite traso ceste do planinske koče v Tamarju. Planica, the valley trail is closed in winter time. It changes into cross-country ski trails. Please, use the road to the mountain hut Tamar.

zasnova: Delavnica d.o.o.
fotografiranje: Gregor